

BSR/ASHRAE Addendum e to ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 15.2-2024

First Public Review Draft

Proposed Addendum e to Standard 15.2-2024, Safety Standard for Refrigeration Systems in Residential Applications

First Public Review (April 2025) (Draft shows Proposed Changes to Current Standard)

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(This foreword is not part of this standard. It is merely informative and does not contain requirements necessary for conformance to the standard. It has not been processed according to the ANSI requirements for a standard and may contain material that has not been subject to public review or a consensus process. Unresolved objectors on informative material are not offered the right to appeal at ASHRAE or ANSI.)

FOREWORD

Addendum e was developed to clarify the requirements for dispersal height determination in multi-story applications or spaces with different levels.

Informative Note: In this addendum, changes to the current standard are indicated in the text by <u>underlining</u> (for additions) and strikethrough (for deletions) unless the instructions specifically mention some other means of indicating the changes.

Addendum e to Standard 15.2-2024

Modify Section 9 as follows. The remainder of Section 9 remains unchanged

[...]

9.4.3.1* Systems Serving More than One Floor. For systems without a leak detection system or circulation airflow, Wwhere different stories and floor levels connect through an opening, the dispersal height for each higher *space shall* be reduced by the difference in floor elevation between the higher *space* and the lower *space*. If the difference in elevation between the floor of the higher *space* and lower *space* is 7.2 ft (2.2 m) or more, the dispersal height for the higher *space shall* be zero.

 $[\ \ldots]$

Modify Informative Appendix A as follows. The remainder of Informative Appendix A remains unchanged.

[...]

Section 9.4.3.1

This section addresses multilevel buildings and applies to equipment without an installed *leak* detection system or circulation airflow. If floors are connected by a permanent opening that extends to the floor, is intended for people to walk through, and does not have a door, and the higher floor is a full flight higher than the lower floor, the dispersal height for the higher floor is reduced to zero (higher floor elevation above lower floor – lower floor height), and only the first floor area and height are used. When there is a smaller elevation change between levels, such as three steps up, then upper-level dispersal height is reduced by the difference in the levels of the two floors (upper floor height – $3 \times$ step height).

[...]