



**BSR/ASHRAE/IES Addendum bs  
to ANSI/ASHRAE/IES Standard 90.1-2016**

**Public Review Draft**

# **Proposed Addendum bs to Standard 90.1-2016, Energy Standard for Buildings Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings**

**First Public Review (November 2017)  
(Draft Shows Proposed Changes to Current Standard)**

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**ASHRAE, 1791 Tullie Circle, NE, Atlanta GA 30329-2305**

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**(This foreword is not part of this standard. It is merely informative and does not contain requirements necessary for conformance to the standard. It has not been processed according to the ANSI requirements for a standard and may contain material that has not been subject to public review or a consensus process. Unresolved objectors on informative material are not offered the right to appeal at ASHRAE or ANSI.)**

## **FOREWORD**

*This addendum updates table F-2 to reflect the new water heater requirements that were adopted by DOE for residential water heaters effective December 2015*

*This addendum also make updates to table 7.8 for water heaters to clarify requirements for products applications outside the US that are not covered by the DOE requirements that are referenced in the normative appendix F table F-2. For these non-US applications the efficiency requirements will be aligned with the DOE requirements in the normative appendix F-2*

*Also there are some editorial corrections made to table F-2 to move the pool heat pump water heater requirements to the table F-2 instead of listing them in a text requirement. Heat Pump water heaters are now rated the same as storage water heaters by DOE*

*[Note to Reviewers: This addendum makes proposed changes to the current standard. These changes are indicated in the text by underlining (for additions) and ~~striketrough~~ (for deletions) except where the reviewer instructions specifically describe some other means of showing the changes. Only these changes to the current standard are open for review and comment at this time. Additional material is provided for context only and is not open for comment except as it relates to the proposed changes.]*

## Addendum bs to 90.1-2016

Revise table 7.8 as shown below IP

**Table 7.8 Performance Requirements for Water-Heating Equipment—Minimum Efficiency Requirements**

<b>Equipment Type</b>	<b>Size Category (Input)</b>	<b>Subcategory or Rating Condition</b>	<b>Performance Required <sup>a</sup></b>	<b>Test Procedure<sup>b,c</sup></b>
Electric table-top water heaters	≤12 kW	Resistance ≥20 gal ≥20 gal and ≤120 gal and <4000 (Btu/h)/gal	For applications outside US <sup>g</sup> Very Small DP: $UEF = 0.6323 - (0.0058 \times V_r)$ Low DP: $UEF = 0.9188 - (0.0031 \times V_r)$ Medium DP: $UEF = 0.9577 - (0.0023 \times V_r)$ High DP: $UEF = 0.9884 - (0.0016 \times V_r)$  For US Applications See footnote (g).	10 CFR 430 Appendix E
Electric <u>Storage</u> water heaters	≤12 kW <sup>e</sup>	Resistance ≥20 gal and heat pump ≤55 gal <4000 (Btu/h)/gal	For applications outside US Very Small DP: $UEF = 0.8808 - (0.0008 \times V_r)$ Low DP: $UEF = 0.9254 - (0.0003 \times V_r)$ Medium DP: $UEF = 0.9307 - (0.0002 \times V_r)$ High DP: $UEF = 0.9349 - (0.0001 \times V_r)$  For US Applications See footnote (g).	10 CFR 430 Appendix E
		Resistance and heat pump >55 gal <4000 (Btu/h)/gal	For applications outside US <sup>g</sup> Very Small DP $UEF = 1.9236 - (0.0011 \times V_r)$ Low DP $UEF = 2.0440 - (0.0011 \times V_r)$ Medium DP $UEF = 2.1171 - (0.0011 \times V_r)$ High DP $UEF = 2.2418 - (0.0011 \times V_r)$  For US Applications See footnote (g).	10 CFR 430 Appendix E
	>12 kW <sup>e</sup>	Resistance ≥20 gal <4000 Btu/h/gal	$SL \leq 0.3 + 27/V_m$ %/h	<del>Section G.2 of</del> ANSI Z21.40.3 10 CFR 431.106
	≤24 Amps and ≤250 Volts	Heat pump	See footnote (g).	
Electric instantaneous water heaters	>12 kW <sup>e</sup>	≥4000 (Btu/h)/gal <2 gal	For applications outside US <sup>g</sup> Very Small DP: $UEF = 0.91$ Low DP: $UEF = 0.91$ Medium DP: $UEF = 0.91$ High DP: $UEF = 0.92$  For US applications see footnote (g)	10 CFR 430 Appendix E
	>12 kW and ≤58.6 kW <sup>e</sup>	4000 (Btu/h)/gal ≤2 gal ≤180 °F	For applications outside US <sup>g</sup> Very Small DP: $UEF = 0.80$ Low DP: $UEF = 0.80$ Medium DP: $UEF = 0.80$ High DP: $UEF = 0.80$  For US applications see footnote (g)	10 CFR 430 Appendix E
	>58.6 kW <sup>e</sup>	≥4000 (Btu/h)/gal	$SL \leq 0.3 + 27/V_m$ %/h	10 CFR 431.106
Gas storage water heaters	≤75,000 Btu/h	≥20 gal ≤55 gal <4000 (Btu/h)/gal	For applications outside US <sup>g</sup> Very Small DP: $UEF = 0.3456 - (0.0020 \times V_r)$ Low DP: $UEF = 0.5982 - (0.0019 \times V_r)$ Medium DP: $UEF = 0.6483 - (0.0017 \times V_r)$ High DP: $UEF = 0.6920 - (0.0013 \times V_r)$  For US applications See footnote (g).	10 CFR 430 Appendix E
		>55 gal <4000 (Btu/h)/gal	For applications outside US <sup>g</sup> Very Small DP: $UEF = 0.6470 - (0.0006 \times V_r)$	10 CFR 430 Appendix E

			<p>Low DP: <math>UEF = 0.7689 - (0.0005 \times V_r)</math>                      Medium DP: <math>UEF = 0.7897 - (0.0004 \times V_r)</math>                      High DP: <math>UEF = 0.8072 - (0.0003 \times V_r)</math></p> <p>For US applications See footnote (g).</p> <p>For applications outside US<sup>g</sup>                      Very Small DP: <math>UEF = 0.2674 - (0.0009 \times V_r)</math>                      Low DP: <math>UEF = 0.5362 - (0.0012 \times V_r)</math>                      Medium DP: <math>UEF = 0.6002 - (0.0011 \times V_r)</math>                      High DP: <math>UEF = 0.6597 - (0.0009 \times V_r)</math></p> <p>For applications outside US<sup>g</sup></p>	<p>10 CFR 430 Appendix E</p>
	<p><math>&gt;75,000</math> Btu/h and <math>\leq 105,000</math> Btu/h<sup>d</sup></p>	<p><math>\leq 120</math> gal  <math>&lt;4000</math> (Btu/h)/gal  <math>\leq 180</math> °F</p>	<p>80% <math>E_t</math>  <math>SL \leq (Q/800 + 110\sqrt{V})</math> Btu/h  <math>SL, \text{ Btu/h}</math></p>	<p>Sections G.1 and G.2 of ANSI Z21.10.3                      10 CFR 430 Appendix E</p>
	<p><math>&gt;75105,000</math> Btu/h<sup>df</sup></p>	<p><math>&lt;4000</math> (Btu/h)/gal</p>		
Gas instantaneous water heaters	<p><math>&gt;50,000</math> Btu/h and <math>&lt;200,000</math> Btu/h</p>	<p><math>\geq 4000</math> (Btu/h)/gal and <math>&lt;2</math> gal</p>	<p>For applications outside US<sup>a</sup>                      Very Small DP: <math>UEF = 0.80</math>                      Low DP: <math>UEF = 0.81</math>                      Medium DP: <math>UEF = 0.81</math>                      High DP: <math>UEF = 0.81</math></p> <p>For US applications See footnote (g).</p>	<p>10 CFR 430 Appendix E</p>
	<p><math>\geq 200,000</math> Btu/h<sup>d,f</sup></p>	<p><math>\geq 4000</math> (Btu/h)/gal and <math>&lt;10</math> gal</p>	<p>80% <math>E_t</math></p>	<p>Sections G.1 and G.2 of ANSI Z21.10.3                      10 CFR 430 Appendix E</p>
	<p><math>\geq 200,000</math> Btu/h<sup>f</sup></p>	<p><math>\geq 4000</math> (Btu/h)/gal and <math>\geq 10</math> gal</p>	<p>80% <math>E_t</math>  <math>SL \leq (Q/800 + 110\sqrt{V})</math> Btu/h  <math>SL, \text{ Btu/h}</math></p>	
Oil storage water heaters	<p><math>\leq 105,000</math> Btu/h</p>	<p><math>\geq 20</math> <math>\leq 50</math> gal</p>	<p>For applications outside US<sup>a</sup>                      Very Small DP: <math>UEF = 0.2509 - (0.0012 \times V_r)</math>                      Low DP: <math>UEF = 0.5330 - (0.0016 \times V_r)</math>                      Medium DP: <math>UEF = 0.6078 - (0.0016 \times V_r)</math>                      High DP: <math>UEF = 0.6815 - (0.0014 \times V_r)</math></p> <p>For US applications See footnote (g).</p> <p>For applications outside US<sup>a</sup></p>	<p>10 CFR 430 Appendix E</p>
	<p><math>&gt;105,000</math> Btu/h and <math>\leq 140,000</math> Btu/h<sup>e</sup></p>	<p><math>\leq 120</math> gal  <math>&lt;4000</math> (Btu/h)/gal  <math>\leq 180</math> °F</p>	<p>Very Small DP: <math>UEF = 0.2932 - (0.0015 \times V_r)</math>                      Low DP: <math>UEF = 0.5596 - (0.0018 \times V_r)</math>                      Medium DP: <math>UEF = 0.6194 - (0.0016 \times V_r)</math>                      High DP: <math>UEF = 0.6740 - (0.0013 \times V_r)</math></p> <p>For US applications See footnote (g).</p>	<p>10 CFR 430 Appendix E</p>
	<p><math>&gt;105,000</math> <math>140,000</math> Btu/h<sup>e</sup></p>	<p><math>&lt;4000</math> (Btu/h)/gal</p>	<p>80% <math>E_t</math>  <math>SL \leq (Q/800 + 110\sqrt{V})</math> Btu/h  <math>SL, \text{ Btu/h}</math></p>	<p>Sections G.1 and G.2 of ANSI Z21.10.3                      10 CFR 431.106</p>
Oil instantaneous water heaters	<p><math>\leq 210,000</math> Btu/h</p>	<p><math>\geq 4000</math> (Btu/h)/gal and <math>&lt;2</math> gal</p>	<p>80% <math>E_t</math> See footnote (g).</p>	<p>Sections G.1 and G.2 of ANSI Z21.10.3</p>
	<p><math>&gt;210,000</math> Btu/h</p>	<p><math>\geq 4000</math> (Btu/h)/gal and <math>&lt;10</math> gal</p>	<p>80% <math>E_t</math></p>	<p>Sections G.1 and G.2 of ANSI Z21.10.3                      10 CFR 431.106</p>
	<p><math>&gt;210,000</math> Btu/h</p>	<p><math>\geq 4000</math> (Btu/h)/gal and <math>\geq 10</math> gal</p>	<p>78% <math>E_t</math>  <math>SL \leq (Q/800 + 110\sqrt{V})</math> Btu/h</p>	

Hot-water supply boilers, gas and oil <sup>f</sup>	$\geq 300,000$ Btu/h and $< 12,500,000$ Btu/h	$\geq 4000$ (Btu/h)/gal and $< 10$ gal	$80\% E_t$	Sections G.1 and G.2 of ANSI Z21.10.3 10 CFR 430.106
Hot-water supply boilers, gas <sup>f</sup>	$\geq 300,000$ Btu/h and $< 12,500,000$ Btu/h	$\geq 4000$ (Btu/h)/gal and $\geq 10$ gal	$80\% E_t$ $SL \leq (Q/800 + 110\sqrt{V})$ Btu/h $SL, \text{ Btu/h}$	Sections G.1 and G.2 of ANSI Z21.10.3 10 CFR 430.106
Hot-water supply boilers, oil	$\geq 300,000$ Btu/h and $< 12,500,000$ Btu/h	$\geq 4000$ (Btu/h)/gal and $\geq 10$ gal	$78\% E_t$ $SL \leq (Q/800 + 110\sqrt{V})$ Btu/h $SL, \text{ Btu/h}$	Sections G.1 and G.2 of ANSI Z21.10.3
Pool heaters, oil and gas	All		$82\% E_t$ for applications outside US <sup>g</sup>  For US applications See footnote (g).	ASHRAE 146
Heat pump pool heaters	All	50°F db 44.2°F wb Outdoor air 80.0°F entering water	4.0 COP	AHRI 1160
Unfired storage tanks	All		R-12.5	(none)

<sup>a</sup> Thermal efficiency ( $E_t$ ) is a minimum requirement, while standby loss (SL) is maximum Btu/h based on a 70°F temperature difference between stored water and ambient requirements. In the SL equation,  $V$  is the rated volume in gallons and  $Q$  is the nameplate input rate in Btu/h.  $V_m$  is the measured volume in the tank in gallons. Draw pattern (DP) refers to the water draw profile in the Uniform Energy Factor (UEF) test. UEF and Energy Factor (EF) are minimum requirements. In the UEF standard equations,  $V_r$  refers to the rated volume in gallons.

<sup>b</sup> Section 12 contains a complete specification, including the year version, of the referenced test procedure.

<sup>c</sup> Electric instantaneous water heaters with input capacity  $> 12$  kW and  $\leq 58.6$  kW must comply with the requirements for  $> 58.6$  kW if the water heater either (1) has a storage volume  $> 2$  gallons; (2) is designed to provide outlet hot water at temperatures greater than 180 °F; or (3) uses 3-phase power. Section G.1 is titled "Test Method for Measuring Thermal Efficiency" and Section G.2 is titled "Test Method for Measuring Standby Loss."

<sup>d</sup> Gas storage water heaters with input capacity  $> 75,000$  Btu/h and  $\leq 105,000$  Btu/h must comply with these requirements for  $> 150,000$  Btu/h if the water heater either (1) has a storage volume  $> 120$  gallons; (2) is designed to provide outlet hot water at temperatures greater than 180 °F; or (3) uses 3-phase power. Instantaneous water heaters with input rates below 200,000 Btu/h must comply with these requirements if the water heater is designed to heat water to temperatures of 180°F or higher.

<sup>e</sup> Oil storage water heaters with input capacity  $> 105,000$  Btu/h and  $\leq 140,000$  Btu/h must comply with these requirements for  $> 140,000$  Btu/h if the water heater either (1) has a storage volume  $> 120$  gallons; (2) is designed to provide outlet hot water at temperatures greater than 180 °F; or (3) uses 3-phase power. Electric water heaters with input rates below 12 kW must comply with these requirements if the water heater is designed to heat water to temperatures of 180°F or higher.

<sup>f</sup> Refer to Section 7.5.3 for additional requirements for gas storage and instantaneous water heaters and gas hot-water supply boilers.

<sup>g</sup> In the U.S., the efficiency requirements for water heaters or gas pool heaters in this category or subcategory are specified by the U.S. Department of Energy. Those requirements and applicable test procedures are found in the Code of Federal Regulations 10 CFR Part 430.

**Informative Note:** See Informative Appendix E for the U.S. Department of Energy efficiency requirements applicable to these water heaters and pool heaters.

Revise the following text

**F2 DOE Minimum Energy Efficiency Requirements for Water Heaters**

These standards became effective on ~~April 16, 2015~~ December 29, 2017, and apply to products manufactured on or after that date (Table F-2).

Delete the following text and add the efficiency requirements to table F-2

**F3 DOE Minimum Energy Efficiency Requirements for Pool Heaters**

~~Gas-fired pool heaters manufactured on or after April 16, 2013, shall have a thermal efficiency not less than 82%.~~

Replace IP table F-2 with the new revised table;

**Table F-2 Minimum Energy Efficiency Requirements for Water Heaters**

(Source: 10 CFR Part 430, *Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Water Heating Pumps Heaters*)

<b>Product Class</b>	<b>Minimum Energy Factor (EF)</b>
<i>Gas-fired water heater</i>	For tanks with a Rated Storage Volume at or below 55 gallons: <del><math>EF = 0.675 - (0.0015 \times \text{Rated Storage Volume [gal]})</math></del>  For tanks with a Rated Storage Volume above 55 gal: <del><math>EF = 0.8012 - (0.00078 \times \text{Rated Storage Volume [gal]})</math></del>
<i>Oil-fired water heater</i>	<del><math>EF = 0.68 - (0.0019 \times \text{Rated Storage Volume [gal]})</math></del>
<i>Electric water heater</i>	For tanks with a Rated Storage Volume at or below 55 gal: <del><math>EF = 0.960 - (0.0003 \times \text{Rated Storage Volume [gal]})</math></del>  For tanks with a Rated Storage Volume above 55 gal: <del><math>EF = 2.057 - (0.00113 \times \text{Rated Storage Volume [gal]})</math></del>
<i>Tabletop water heater</i>	<del><math>EF = 0.93 - (0.00132 \times \text{Rated Storage Volume [gal]})</math></del>
<i>Instantaneous gas-fired water heater</i>	<del><math>EF = 0.82 - (0.0019 \times \text{Rated Storage Volume [gal]})</math></del>
<i>Instantaneous electric water heater</i>	<del><math>EF = 0.93 - (0.00132 \times \text{Rated Storage Volume [gal]})</math></del>

**Note:** The Rated Storage Volume equals the water storage capacity of a water heater in gallons as specified by the manufacturer.

Insert the following revised IP table

**Table F-2 Minimum Energy Efficiency Requirements for Water Heaters**

Source: 10 CFR Part 430, *Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Water Heaters*

<u>Product Class</u>	<u>Rated Storage Volume and input rating (if applicable)</u>	<u>Draw Pattern</u>	<u>Uniform Energy Factor</u>
<u>Gas-fired storage water heater</u>	<u>≥20 gal and ≤55 gal</u>	<u>Very Small</u>	<u>0.3456 – (0.0020 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Low</u>	<u>0.5982 – (0.0019 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Medium</u>	<u>0.6483 – (0.0017 × Vr)</u>
		<u>High</u>	<u>0.6920 – (0.0013 × Vr)</u>
	<u>&gt;55 gal and ≤100 gal</u>	<u>Very Small</u>	<u>0.6470 – (0.0006 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Low</u>	<u>0.7689 – (0.0005 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Medium</u>	<u>0.7897 – (0.0004 × Vr)</u>
		<u>High</u>	<u>0.8072 – (0.0003 × Vr)</u>
<u>Oil-fired storage water heater</u>	<u>≤50 gal</u>	<u>Very Small</u>	<u>0.2509 – (0.0012 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Low</u>	<u>0.5330 – (0.0016 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Medium</u>	<u>0.6078 – (0.0016 × Vr)</u>
		<u>High</u>	<u>0.6815 – (0.0014 × Vr)</u>
<u>Electric Storage Water Heaters</u>	<u>≥20 gal and ≤55 gal</u>	<u>Very Small</u>	<u>0.8808 – (0.0008 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Low</u>	<u>0.9254 – (0.0003 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Medium</u>	<u>0.9307 – (0.0002 × Vr)</u>
		<u>High</u>	<u>0.9349 – (0.0001 × Vr)</u>
	<u>&gt;55 gal and ≤100 gal</u>	<u>Very Small</u>	<u>1.9236 – (0.0011 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Low</u>	<u>2.0440 – (0.0011 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Medium</u>	<u>2.1171 – (0.0011 × Vr)</u>
		<u>High</u>	<u>2.2418 – (0.0011 × Vr)</u>
<u>Instantaneous Gas Fired Water Heater</u>	<u>&lt;2 gal and &gt;50,000 Btu/h</u>	<u>Very Small</u>	<u>0.80</u>
		<u>Low</u>	<u>0.81</u>
		<u>Medium</u>	<u>0.81</u>
		<u>High</u>	<u>0.81</u>
<u>Instantaneous Electric Water Heater</u>	<u>&lt;2 gal</u>	<u>Very Small</u>	<u>0.91</u>
		<u>Low</u>	<u>0.91</u>
		<u>Medium</u>	<u>0.91</u>
		<u>High</u>	<u>0.92</u>
<u>Grid Enabled Water Heaters</u>	<u>&gt;75 gal</u>	<u>Very Small</u>	<u>1.0136 – (0.0028 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Low</u>	<u>0.9984 – (0.0014 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Medium</u>	<u>0.9853 – (0.0010 × Vr)</u>
		<u>High</u>	<u>0.9720 – (0.0007 × Vr)</u>
<u>Pool heater Gas</u>			<u>82% E<sub>t</sub></u>

<sup>a</sup>. V<sub>r</sub> is the Rated Storage Volume (in gallons), as determined pursuant to 10 CFR 429.17.

<sup>b</sup>. Standards for electric storage water heaters apply to both electric resistance water heaters and heat pump water heaters.

Revise table 7.8 as shown below SI

**Table 7.8 Performance Requirements for Water-Heating Equipment—Minimum Efficiency Requirements**

<b>Equipment Type</b>	<b>Size Category (Input)</b>	<b>Subcategory or Rating Condition</b>	<b>Performance Required <sup>a</sup></b>	<b>Test Procedure<sup>b,c</sup></b>
Electric table-top water heaters	≤12 kW	<del>Resistance ≥75.7 L</del> ≥76 L and ≤450 L <del>&lt;309.75 W/L</del>	For applications outside US <sup>g</sup> Very Small DP: UEF = 0.6323 – (0.0220 × V <sub>r</sub> ) Low DP: UEF = 0.9188 – (0.0117 × V <sub>r</sub> ) Medium DP: UEF = 0.9577 – (0.0087 × V <sub>r</sub> ) High DP: UEF = 0.9884 – (0.0061 × V <sub>r</sub> )  For US Applications See footnote (g).	10 CFR 430 Appendix E
Electric <u>Storage</u> water heaters	≤12 kW <sup>e</sup>	Resistance ≥75.7 L and heat Pump ≤76 L <del>&lt;309.75 W/L</del>	For applications outside US <sup>g</sup> Very Small DP: UEF = 0.8808 – (0.0030 × V <sub>r</sub> ) Low DP: UEF = 0.9254 – (0.0011 × V <sub>r</sub> ) Medium DP: UEF = 0.9307 – (0.0008 × V <sub>r</sub> ) High DP: UEF = 0.9349 – (0.0004 × V <sub>r</sub> )  For US Applications See footnote (g).	10 CFR 430 Appendix E
		Resistance ≥75.7 L and heat Pump ≤76 L <del>&lt;309.75 W/L</del>	For applications outside US <sup>g</sup> Very Small DP: UEF = 1.9236 – (0.0011 × V <sub>r</sub> ) Low DP: UEF = 2.0440 – (0.0041 × V <sub>r</sub> ) Medium DP: UEF = 2.1171 – (0.0030 × V <sub>r</sub> ) High DP: UEF = 0.2.2418 – (0.0015 × V <sub>r</sub> )  For US Applications See footnote (g).	10 CFR 430 Appendix E
	>12 kW <sup>e</sup>	Resistance ≥75.7 L ≥76 L and ≤450 L <del>&lt;310 W/L</del>	SL ≤ 0.3 + 27/V <sub>m</sub> %/h	<del>Section G.2 of ANSI Z21.10.3</del> 10 CFR 431.106
	≤24 Amps and ≤250 Volts	Heat pump  ≥309.75 W/L <del>&lt;7.6 L</del>	See footnote (g).  For applications outside US <sup>g</sup> Very Small DP: UEF = 0.91 Low DP: UEF = 0.91 Medium DP: UEF = 0.91 High DP: UEF = 0.92  For US applications see footnote (g)	10 CFR 430 Appendix E
Electric instantaneous water heaters	>12 kW <sup>e</sup>	≥309.75 W/L ≤7.6 L ≤82 °C	For applications outside US <sup>g</sup> Very Small DP: UEF = 0.80 Low DP: UEF = 0.80 Medium DP: UEF = 0.80 High DP: UEF = 0.80  For US applications see footnote (g)	10 CFR 430 Appendix E
	>58.6 kW <sup>e</sup>	≥309.75 W/L	SL ≤ 0.3 + 27/V <sub>m</sub> %/h	10 CFR 431.106
Gas storage water heaters	≤22 kWh	≥75.7 L ≤208 L <del>&lt;309.75 W/L</del>	For applications outside US <sup>g</sup> Very Small DP: UEF = 0.3456 – (0.0076 × V <sub>r</sub> ) Low DP: UEF = 0.5982 – (0.0072 × V <sub>r</sub> ) Medium DP: UEF = 0.6483 – (0.0064 × V <sub>r</sub> ) High DP: UEF = 0.6920 – (0.0049 × V <sub>r</sub> )  For US applications See footnote (g).	10 CFR 430 Appendix E
		≤208 L <del>&lt;309.75 W/L</del>	For applications outside US <sup>g</sup> Very Small DP: UEF = 0.6470 – (0.0023 × V <sub>r</sub> ) Low DP: UEF = 0.7689 – (0.0019 × V <sub>r</sub> ) Medium DP: UEF = 0.7897 – (0.0015 × V <sub>r</sub> )	10 CFR 430 Appendix E



			High DP: $UEF = 0.8072 - (0.0011 \times V_r)$ For US applications See footnote (g).	
	$>22 \text{ kW}$ and $\leq 82 \text{ kW}^d$	$<309.75 \text{ W/L}$ $\leq 7.6 \text{ L}$ $\leq 82 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	Very Small DP: $UEF = 0.2674 - (0.0009 \times V_r)$ Low DP: $UEF = 0.5362 - (0.0012 \times V_r)$ Medium DP: $UEF = 0.6002 - (0.0011 \times V_r)$ High DP: $UEF = 0.6597 - (0.0009 \times V_r)$	10 CFR 430 Appendix E
	$>7582 \text{ kW}^f$	$<309.75 \text{ W/L}$	$80\% E_t$ $SL \leq (Q/8000.234 + 440208.2\sqrt{V}) \text{ kWh}$ $SL, \text{ kW}$	Sections G.1 and G.2 of ANSI Z21.10.3 10 CFR 430 Appendix E
Gas instantaneous water heaters	$>14.6 \text{ kW}$ and $<58.6 \text{ kW}$	$\geq 309.75 \text{ W/L}$ and $<7.57 \text{ L}$	For applications outside US Very Small DP: $UEF = 0.80$ Low DP: $UEF = 0.81$ Medium DP: $UEF = 0.81$ High DP: $UEF = 0.81$  For US applications See footnote (g).	10 CFR 430 Appendix E
	$\geq 58.6 \text{ kW}^{d,f}$	$\geq 309.75 \text{ W/L}$ and $<37.8 \text{ L}$	$80\% E_t$	Sections G.1 and G.2 of ANSI Z21.10.3 10 CFR 430 Appendix E
	$\geq 58.6 \text{ kW}^{d,f}$	$\geq 309.75 \text{ W/L}$ and $<37.8 \text{ L}$	$SL \leq (Q/8000.234 + 440208.2\sqrt{V}) \text{ kW}$ $SL, \text{ kW}$	10 CFR 430 Appendix E
Oil storage water heaters	$\leq 14.6 \text{ kW}$	$\geq 20 \leq 189 \text{ L}$	For applications outside US Very Small DP: $UEF = 0.2509 - (0.0045 \times V_r)$ Low DP: $UEF = 0.5330 - (0.0061 \times V_r)$ Medium DP: $UEF = 0.6078 - (0.0061 \times V_r)$ High DP: $UEF = 0.6815 - (0.0053 \times V_r)$  For US applications See footnote (g).	10 CFR 430 Appendix E
	$>8.75 \text{ kW}$ and $\leq 11.7 \text{ kW}^e$	$<309.75 \text{ W/L}$ $\leq 7.6 \text{ L}$ $\leq 82 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	Very Small DP: $UEF = 0.2932 - (0.0015 \times V_r)$ Low DP: $UEF = 0.5596 - (0.0018 \times V_r)$ Medium DP: $UEF = 0.6194 - (0.0016 \times V_r)$ High DP: $UEF = 0.6740 - (0.0013 \times V_r)$	10 CFR 430 Appendix E
	$>105,000 \text{ 11.7 kW}^e$	$<309.75 \text{ W/L}$	$80\% E_t$ $SL \leq (Q/8000.234 + 440208.2\sqrt{V}) \text{ kW}$ $SL, \text{ kW}$	Sections G.1 and G.2 of ANSI Z21.10.3 10 CFR 431.106
Oil instantaneous water heaters	$\leq 41 \text{ kW}$	$\geq 309.75 \text{ W/L}$ and $<7.6 \text{ L}$	<del><math>80\% E_t</math> See footnote (g).</del>	Sections G.1 and G.2 of ANSI Z21.10.3
	$>61 \text{ kW}$	$\geq 309.75 \text{ W/L}$ and $<7.6 \text{ L}$	$80\% E_t$	Sections G.1 and G.2 of ANSI Z21.10.3 10 CFR 431.106
	$>61 \text{ kW}$	$\geq 309.75 \text{ W/L}$ and $\geq 7.6 \text{ L}$	$78\% E_t$ $SL \leq (Q/8000.234 + 440208.2\sqrt{V}) \text{ kW}$ $SL, \text{ kW}$	10 CFR 431.106
Hot-water supply boilers, gas and oil <sup>f</sup>	$\geq 88 \text{ kW}$ $<3663 \text{ kW}$	$\geq 309.75 \text{ W/L}$ and $<7.6 \text{ L}$	$80\% E_t$	Sections G.1 and G.2 of ANSI Z21.10.3 10 CFR 430.106
Hot-water supply boilers, gas <sup>f</sup>	$\geq 88 \text{ kW}$ $<3663 \text{ kW}$	$\geq 309.75 \text{ W/L}$ and $\geq 7.6 \text{ L}$	$80\% E_t$ $SL \leq (Q/8000.234 + 440208.2\sqrt{V}) \text{ kW}$ $SL, \text{ kW}$	Sections G.1 and G.2 of ANSI Z21.10.3

				10 CFR 430.106
Hot-water supply boilers, oil	$\geq 88$ kW and $< 3663$ kW	$\geq 309.75$ W/L and $\geq 7.6$ L	$78\% E_t$ $SL \leq (Q/8000.234 + 440208.2\sqrt{V})$ kW $SL, kW$	Sections G.1 and G.2 of ANSI Z21.10.3
Pool heaters, oil and gas	All		$82\% E_t$ for applications outside US For US applications See footnote (g).	ASHRAE 146
Heat pump pool heaters	All	$10^\circ\text{C}$ db $5.55^\circ\text{C}$ wb Outdoor air $26.7^\circ\text{C}$ entering water	4.0 COP	AHRI 1160
Unfired storage tanks	All		R-2.2	(none)

<sup>a</sup> Thermal efficiency ( $E_t$ ) is a minimum requirement, while standby loss (SL) is maximum Btu/h based on a  $38.9^\circ\text{C}$  temperature difference between stored water and ambient requirements. In the SL equation,  $V$  is the rated volume in gallons and  $Q$  is the nameplate input rate in Btu/h.  $V_m$  is the measured volume in the tank in gallons. Draw pattern (DP) refers to the water draw profile in the Uniform Energy Factor (UEF) test. UEF and Energy Factor (EF) are minimum requirements. In the UEF standard equations,  $V_r$  refers to the rated volume in gallons.

<sup>b</sup> Section 12 contains a complete specification, including the year version, of the referenced test procedure.

<sup>c</sup> Electric instantaneous water heaters with input capacity  $>12$  kW and  $\leq 58.6$  kW must comply with the requirements if the water heater for  $>56$  kW either (1) has a storage volume  $>7.6$  L; (2) is designed to provide outlet hot water at temperatures greater than  $180^\circ\text{F}$ ; or (3) uses 3-phase power. Section G.4 is titled "Test Method for Measuring Thermal Efficiency" and Section G.2 is titled "Test Method for Measuring Standby Loss."

<sup>d</sup> Gas storage water heaters with input capacity  $>22$  kW Btu/h and  $\leq 31$  kW must comply with the requirements for  $>30.7$  kW if the water heater either (1) has a storage volume  $>454$  L; (2) is designed to provide outlet hot water at temperatures greater than  $82^\circ\text{C}$ ; or (3) uses 3-phase power. Instantaneous water heaters with input rates below 200,000 Btu/h must comply with these requirements if the water heater is designed to heat water to temperatures of  $180^\circ\text{F}$  or higher.

<sup>e</sup> Oil storage water heaters with input capacity  $>31$  kW Btu/h and  $\leq 41$  kW must comply with these requirements for  $>41$  kW if the water heater either (1) has a storage volume  $>454$  L; (2) is designed to provide outlet hot water at temperatures greater than  $82^\circ\text{C}$ ; or (3) uses 3-phase power. Electric water heaters with input rates below 12 kW must comply with these requirements if the water heater is designed to heat water to temperatures of  $82^\circ\text{C}$  or higher.

<sup>f</sup> Refer to Section 7.5.3 for additional requirements for gas storage and instantaneous water heaters and gas hot-water supply boilers.

<sup>g</sup> In the U.S., the efficiency requirements for water heaters or gas pool heaters in this category or subcategory are specified by the U.S. Department of Energy. Those requirements and applicable test procedures are found in the Code of Federal Regulations 10 CFR Part 430.

**Informative Note:** See Informative Appendix E for the U.S. Department of Energy efficiency requirements applicable to these water heaters and pool heaters.

Replace IP table F-2 with the new revised table;

**Table F-2 Minimum Energy Efficiency Requirements for Water Heaters**

(Source: 10 CFR Part 430, *Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Water Heating Pumps Heaters*)

<b>Product Class</b>	<b>Minimum Energy Factor (EF)</b>
<i>Gas-fired water heater</i>	For tanks with a Rated Storage Volume at or below 55 gallons: $EF = 0.675 - (0.0004 \times \text{Rated Storage Volume [L]})$ For tanks with a Rated Storage Volume above 208.2 L: $EF = 0.8012 - (0.0002 \times \text{Rated Storage Volume [L]})$
<i>Oil-fired water heater</i>	$EF = 0.68 - (0.0005 \times \text{Rated Storage Volume [L]})$
<i>Electric water heater</i>	For tanks with a Rated Storage Volume at or below 208.2 L: $EF = 0.960 - (0.0003 \times \text{Rated Storage Volume [L]})$ For tanks with a Rated Storage Volume above 55 gal: $EF = 2.057 - (0.0003 \times \text{Rated Storage Volume [L]})$
<i>Tabletop water heater</i>	$EF = 0.93 - (0.00035 \times \text{Rated Storage Volume [L]})$
<i>Instantaneous gas-fired water heater</i>	$EF = 0.82 - (0.0005 \times \text{Rated Storage Volume [L]})$
<i>Instantaneous electric water heater</i>	$EF = 0.93 - (0.00035 \times \text{Rated Storage Volume [L]})$

**Note:** The Rated Storage Volume equals the water storage capacity of a water heater in gallons as specified by the manufacturer.

Insert the following revised SI table

**Table F-2 Minimum Energy Efficiency Requirements for Water Heaters**

Source: 10 CFR Part 430, *Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Water Heating Pumps Heaters*

<u>Product Class</u>	<u>Rated Storage Volume and input rating (if applicable)</u>	<u>Draw Pattern</u>	<u>Uniform Energy Factor</u>
<u>Gas-fired storage water heater</u>	<u>≥75.7 L and ≤208 L</u>	<u>Very Small</u>	<u>0.3456 – (0.0076 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Low</u>	<u>0.5982 – (0.0072 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Medium</u>	<u>0.6483 – (0.0064 × Vr)</u>
		<u>High</u>	<u>0.6920 – (0.0049 × Vr)</u>
	<u>&gt;208 L and ≤378 L</u>	<u>Very Small</u>	<u>0.6470 – (0.0023 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Low</u>	<u>0.7689 – (0.0019 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Medium</u>	<u>0.7897 – (0.0015 × Vr)</u>
		<u>High</u>	<u>0.8072 – (0.0011 × Vr)</u>
<u>Oil-fired storage water heater</u>	<u>≤189 L</u>	<u>Very Small</u>	<u>0.2509 – (0.0045 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Low</u>	<u>0.5330 – (0.0061 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Medium</u>	<u>0.6078 – (0.0061 × Vr)</u>
		<u>High</u>	<u>0.6815 – (0.0053 × Vr)</u>
<u>Electric Storage Water Heaters</u>	<u>≥75.7 L and ≤208 L</u>	<u>Very Small</u>	<u>0.8808 – (0.0030 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Low</u>	<u>0.9254 – (0.0011 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Medium</u>	<u>0.9307 – (0.0008 × Vr)</u>
		<u>High</u>	<u>0.9349 – (0.0004 × Vr)</u>
	<u>&gt;75.7 L and ≤378 L</u>	<u>Very Small</u>	<u>1.9236 – (0.0011 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Low</u>	<u>2.0440 – (0.0041 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Medium</u>	<u>2.1171 – (0.0030 × Vr)</u>
		<u>High</u>	<u>2.2418 – (0.0015 × Vr)</u>
<u>Instantaneous Gas Fired water heater</u>	<u>&lt;7.57 L and &gt;14.6 kW</u>	<u>Very low</u>	<u>0.80</u>
		<u>Low</u>	<u>0.81</u>
		<u>Medium</u>	<u>0.81</u>
		<u>High</u>	<u>0.81</u>
<u>Instantaneous Electric water heater</u>	<u>&lt;7.57 L</u>	<u>Very low</u>	<u>0.91</u>
		<u>Low</u>	<u>0.91</u>
		<u>Medium</u>	<u>0.91</u>
		<u>High</u>	<u>0.92</u>
<u>Grid Enabled Water Heaters</u>	<u>&gt;284 L</u>	<u>Very low</u>	<u>1.0136 – (0.0028 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Low</u>	<u>0.9984 – (0.0014 × Vr)</u>
		<u>Medium</u>	<u>0.9853 – (0.0010 × Vr)</u>
		<u>High</u>	<u>0.9720 – (0.0007 × Vr)</u>
<u>Pool heater Gas</u>			<u>82% E<sub>t</sub></u>

<sup>a</sup>. Vr is the Rated Storage Volume (in L), as determined pursuant to 10 CFR 429.17.

<sup>b</sup>. Standards for electric storage water heaters apply to both electric resistance water heaters and heat pump water heaters.